



**His Excellency Csaba Kőrösi,
Ambassador Extraordinary
and Plenipotentiary
Permanent Representative to the
United Nations**

Before his appointment as Ambassador to the United Nations in September 2010, Csaba Kőrösi was head of the 1st and 2nd Euro-

pean Departments in the Ministry of Foreign Affairs from 2006. From 2002-2006, he served as Hungary's Ambassador to Greece. From 2001-2002, he served as Deputy State Secretary in charge of Multilateral Diplomacy, as the head of the NATO-WEU (North Atlantic Treaty Organization-Western European Union) Department. Prior to that time Kőrösi served as the Deputy Chief of Mission at the Hungarian Embassy in Tel Aviv. He also was the Chargé d'Affaires at the Hungarian Embassy in the United Arab Emirates.

A career diplomat, he joined the Ministry of Foreign Affairs in 1983. Early in his career he was the desk officer for the Protocol Department, Middle East Department, and the Department for North America, North Europe and Israel.

Kőrösi is a 1983 graduate of the Institute of International Relations in Moscow. In addition, he attended Hebrew University, where he studied Middle East issues. He also completed a diplomatic course at the University of Leeds in 1991, and later, a strategic negotiation course at Harvard University.

He was born in 1958, is married and has one daughter.

Click [here](#) for more information on Ambassador Kőrösi's visit to UVU

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Ambassador of Hungary to
the United Nations

WHO WE ARE

The Office of International Affairs & Diplomacy actively supports UVU's global engagement efforts by advancing UVU's presence and prestige in the International community; helping UVU students become globally competent graduates; promoting cultural literacy and diversity both on campus and in the community.

CONTACT US

Office of International Affairs
800 West University Parkway
MS 263
Orem, UT 84058
Phone: 801-863-6021
E-mail: dallin.kauffman@uvu.edu
www.uvu.edu/intlaffairs

INTERESTING FACTS ABOUT HUNGARY



Hungarian Flag History:

Hungarian statehood stems from the national freedom movement which climaxed in the Hungarian Revolution of 1848 which was inspired by the events of the French Revolution. Thus, the tricolor feature of the flag is based on the French flag and the ideas of the French Revolution, while the colors red, white and green were taken from the historical coat of arms.

Hungarian Flag Meaning:

Folklore attributes virtues to the colors; red for strength, white for faithfulness, and green for hope; alternatively, the red is seen as being for the blood spilled in defense of the land, white for freedom, and green for the pasturelands that make up so much of the country.

Information taken from wikipedia.org and CIA factbook.

- Hungary was first part of the Celtic world, and then later the Roman Empire. Following the fall of Rome, the Huns settled in the plains of Pannonia and named the land Hungary.
- The Hungarian language is a direct descendent of the language spoken by the Huns, and has only two other related languages in Europe: Finnish and Estonian.
- Despite, their Hun heritage, Asian genes form only a tiny percentage of the Hungarian population.
- In 1946, Hungary issued banknotes of a face value of 1,000,000,000,000,000 pengo (one quintillion pengo) - the world's highest denomination ever.



- The Hungarian Parliament Building located in the capital city of Budapest (pictured left) is one of Budapest's finest landmarks. Around 40 million bricks were used during its 20 year construction, along with some 40 kilos of gold.
- Notable inventions made by Hungarians include the noiseless match, Rubik's cube, the ballpoint pen, and the theory of the hydrogen bomb.
- As of 2007, 13 Hungarians have received the Nobel prize, which is more than countries such as Japan, China, India, Australia or Spain.
- In Hungary on Easter Monday it is a popular tradition for the men and boys to throw water at the women as pictured to the right.
- Hungary has one of the most important thermal spring cultures in all of Europe. There are as many as 1,500 spas in the country, adorned with Roman, Greek and Turkish architecture.
- Hungary has won the sixth highest number of Summer Olympic gold medals.



Information gathered from Budapest.world-guides.com, eupedia.com, lilligo.com & lifestyle.iloveindia.com.