

<b>Hand Held Nozzles</b>	<b>Hose Size</b>	<b>Standard Flow</b>	<b>FL / 100' of Hose</b>
<b>Fog Nozzles</b> N.P. (TFT-100 psi)			
Task force	1 ¾	150 gpm	25 psi
Task force	1 ¾	160 gpm	30 psi
Task force	1 ¾	170 gpm	35 psi
Task force	2 ½	250 gpm	15 psi
Task force	3	300 gpm	9 psi
<b>Solid Stream Nozzles</b> (NP = 50 psi)			
15/16 inch	1 ¾	180 gpm	40 psi
1 inch	1 ¾	200 gpm	50 psi
1 inch	2 ½	200 gpm	10psi
1 1/8 inch	2 ½	250 gpm	15 psi
1 1/4 inch	2 ½	325 gpm	25 psi
<b>Master Stream Nozzles</b>			
	<b>Hose Size</b>	<b>Standard Flow</b>	<b>FL / 100' of Hose</b>
<b>Solid Stream Nozzles</b> (NP = 80 psi)			
			<b>2- 2 ½", 2-3" &amp; 5</b>
1 1/4 inch	2-2 ½", 2-3" or 5	400 gpm	10 psi, 3 psi & 1.5 psi
1 3/8 inch	2-2 ½", 2-3" or 5	500 gpm	15 psi, 5 psi & 2 psi
1 1/2 inch	2-2 ½", 2-3" or 5	600 gpm	20 psi, 7 psi & 3 psi
1 3/4 inch	2-2 ½", 2-3" or 5	800 gpm	34 psi, 13 psi & 5 psi
2 inch	2-2 ½", 2-3" or 5	1000 gpm	50 psi, 20 psi & 8 psi
<b>Fog Nozzle</b> (NP = 100 or 80 psi)	2-2 ½ or 5	1000 gpm	40 psi & 8 psi
<b>Other Nozzles</b>			
	<b>Hose Size</b>	<b>Standard Flow</b>	<b>FL / 100' of Hose</b>
<b>Distributor Nozzle</b> (NP = 100 psi)			
	2 ½"	400 gpm	34 psi
	1 ¾"	200 gpm	50 psi

<b>Appliance Loss</b>	
Wye/Siemese >350 GPM	10 psi
Multiversal	25 psi
Standpipe	25 psi
Aerial Manifold	25 psi
<b>Elevation Pressure</b>	
Per 10 feet	± 5 psi
Per floor	± 5 psi
<b>Do not count the first floor</b>	
<b>Intake Pressure Drop</b>	
Up to 10%	3 like volumes
11% - 15%	2 like volumes
16%-25%	1 like volume
<b>Maintain 20 psi or more at intake</b>	
<b>Single Hose Coefficients</b>	
1 inch booster	150
1 ¾ inch hose	15.5
2 ½ inch hose	2
3 inch hose	.8
4 inch hose	.2
5 inch hose	.08

## Formulas And Pumping information

Engine pressure (EP) and Pump discharge pressure (PDP)

EP/PDP = Nozzle pressure (NP) + Total hose friction loss (THFL) + Appliance loss (AL)+ Elevation loss/gain (EP)

**Friction Loss formula -  $CxQ^2xL = THFL$ .**

THFL in Siamesed hose lines – Equal lengths and diameters/unequal diameters

Equal lengths and diameters -  $CxQ^2xL$  or divide total flow by number of lines and calculate for one line

Hose configuration

Coefficient

Two 2 ½

.5

Three 2 ½

.22

Two 3 inch with 2 ½ couplings

.2

One 3 inch with 2 ½ couplings, one 2 ½

.3

**Unequal lengths/equal diameters**

Average lengths and pump to the averaged length pressure

## Standpipe operations

In all cases Appliance loss in standpipes is considered 25 psi regardless of flow.

When a standpipe is known to have Pressure reducing valves (PRV's) installed, EP must be based on the *total height* of the standpipe.

## Supporting automatic sprinkler systems

- Set PDP to 150 psi
- Standard ½ inch head flows 20 gpm @ 15 psi
- One 1000 gpm pumper can supply 50 heads

## Supplying department Aerial Apparatus

General –  $PDP = NP + EP + AP + THFL$

All Department Aerials have flow meters installed