# Subject-Verb Agreement



Subject-verb agreement is when the subject and verb match grammatically. This is important for sentence clarity. This handout provides general information about subject-verb agreement, but writers should tailor their work to their audience and assignment.

# **Subjects and Verbs**

The **subject** is what is doing the action or experiencing a state of being. It is a person, place, thing, or idea. The **verb** describes an action or state of being.

### **Subject-Verb Agreement**

The subject and verb agree when they match in number. A singular subject will have a singular verb and a plural subject will have a plural verb.

Incorrect Verb: The boy throw the ball.

Corrected Verb: The boy throws the ball.

Incorrect Subject: The bird sing in the trees.

Corrected Subject: The birds sing in the trees.

# **Compound Subjects**

Subjects joined by *and* become a plural subject and will take a plural verb.

**Example:** The horse and cow sleep in the barn.

Subjects joined by **or** could have a singular or plural verb, depending on which subject is closest to the verb.

**Plural:** Soda or **French fries are** the best thing on the menu. **Singular:** French fries or **soda is** the best thing on the menu.

#### **Indefinite Pronouns**

Indefinite pronouns such as *anybody*, *nobody*, *someone*, etc. are singular subjects and take a singular verb.

**Example: Someone left** the light on.

#### **Collective Nouns**

Collective nouns are nouns that group multiple parts into one whole. Collective nouns will usually take singular verbs. However, the collective noun may be made plural. In this case, it would take a plural verb.

**Singular:** The **family is going** on a trip.

Plural: Some family members are staying home.

#### Singular and Plural Noun Exceptions

Some words can be singular or plural (*deer, moose, they*), so context will determine subject-verb agreement.

**Singular:** The **fish is** swimming in the pond.

**Plural:** The **fish are** in the tank.